		Annex 4: COVID-19					_,_,							
VISION 2036 PILLAR		SUSTA	AINABLE ECONO	OMIC DEVELOPME	MENT									
NDP THEMATIC ARE	Α	DEVE	ELOPING DIVERS	IFIED SOURCES OF	OF ECONOMIC GROWTH									
ull and productive employ	ment and decent work for all	te sustained, inclusive and sustainable o	economic growth, fi	product growth per annufarget 8.2: Achieve high ocus on high-value adde l'arget 8.3: Promote devennovation, and encourage ervices	ner levels of economic prod d and labour-intensive sect relopment-oriented policies ge the formalization and gro	uctivity thr or that suppo	ough dive	ersificatio	n, techno	ological u	pgrading and in	novation, includence recurship, creat	ding through a	
	g firms and minimising th	e impacts of COVID-19 on the ed	conomy to lay the	foundation for a sp	, ,	1	¥7 63	, ,			_			
Strategic Objective/Outcome	Indicator	Strateg	gic Initiative		Responsible Institution	2020	Year of I 2021	2022	2023	2024	Budget (BWP'000) 24 Government Business Dev Partne			
O 1.1: Firms are Indicator 1.1.1.1. Number of SI 1.1.1: Securing the survivabilised to protect firms that survive beyond protecting jobs and livelihous protecting in the survivable of the surv		SI 1.1.1: Securing the survival of bus protecting jobs and livelihoods			MFED, CEDA, BB, Banks									
economy's productive capacity and save jobs	April 2021 Indicator 1.1.1.2. Real GDP growth rate (Overall and	Review CEDA's Letlhabile initiative micro enterprises & prove business su	pport & monitoring	services	MFED, CEDA	Jul					0	0)	
	sectoral) Indicator 1.1.1.3. No. of job	 b) Recapitalisation of CEDA's COVII revision of eligibility criteria 	D-19 Relief Fund to 1	meet demand and	MFED, CEDA	Jul-Sep					100,000	0)	
r s I	retained by (overall and by sector) Indicator 1.1.1.4. Number of Jobs Created	 c) Commercial Bank Relief for firms the COVID-19 induced arears and renego 			MFED, Banks	Jun-Dec						0)	
		d) Extension of the wage subsidy to So	•		MFED, HATAB	Jun-Sep						0	ı	
		 e) Rental relief via a three-month rental subsidy for property owners and and/or conversion of rental areas to interest free loans 			MFED, Propoerty Owners	Jun-Dec						0)	
		 f) Capacity building for SMEs in areas marketing, technological upgrading and 		ing, management,	MFED, CEDA, LEA						20,000	5000)	
		g) Set up a committee with government the health and safety risks for business there is a surge in cases			BB, MFED									
Strategic Goal 2: A glo	bally competitive high-per	formance private sector to build	a competitive hig	gh growth, inclusive,	sustainable and resilie	nt econo	my							
O 2.1: An enabling	in total factor productivity	SI 2.1.1: Skills development for worn private sector	nen and men for a l	nigh-performance	BB, ETPs, HRDC, MELSD, Firms. UNDP or									
development of high- performance firms across sectors is built	Indicator 2.1.1.2. Proportion of firms reporting improvement in productivity Indicator 2.1.1.3. % of female-led firms in male-	 a) Development and implementation of the continuous development of artisan skills through both direct and online to of training levy fund 	n, professional, mana	gement and leadership										
	dominated sectors	b) Review of ETPs' curricula towards a data analytics, critical thinking, probler			ETPs, HRDC, BQA, BB(Sectors). UNDP or									
		 c) Desing and implementation of robu programmes. 			BB (Sectors), Firms, MELSD. UNDP or ILO									
		 d) Design and implement training and sectoral associations in male dominate 			BB (Sectors), Firms. UNDP or ILO									

	more than 50% of industry players as members Indicator 2.1.2.2. Number	a) Establishment of an industry association to facilitate the development and regulation of the business development and support services industry b) Development of industry standards and codes of conduct	BB, Firms, HRDC BB, Firms, HRDC					
	of local service providers who break into the large firms' markets	c) Facilitation of business to business relationships between large firms in the	BB, Firms					
	maneco	industry (domestic and foreign) and smaller players to build capacity d) Facilitation of market access	BB, Firms	-	-			
	Indicator 2.1.3.1. % increase	SI 2.1.3: Strategic Infrastructure Development Programme	MTC, MIH, MFED, BB					
	in freight traffic (tonnage) by commodity and destination	a) Rail connections to RSA in the south, and to Zimbabwe and Zambia in the North	MTC, MIH, MFED					
	Indicator 2.1.3.2. % increase in traffic on each road traffic along the A1	b) dualling of the AI and the Francistown-Nata; Nata-Kazungula and Nata- Kasane roads to facilitate efficient movement of freight and people	MTC, MIH, MFE					
	Indicator 2.1.3.3. Internet commerce as a proportion of	ICT infrastructure to improve broadband, undergird digital transformation, and support e-busines, innovation and the development of the ICT sector	MTC, MIH, MFE					
	total commerce	 d) Accelerated incentive-based development of small to medium scale solar power generation plants to deliver electricity to remote areas and farms 						
		e) Establishment of an Infrastructure Advisory Board to oversee infrastructure planning and delivery	MTC, MIH,					
		f) Fiscal reforms/measures to raise revenue for infrastreture development	MFED					
	Indicator 2.1.4.1. Growth rate of youth enterprises by number, gender, sector,	2.1.4. Strenghtening the entrepreneurial ecosystem for youth entrepreneurship development, start-ups and growth	BB, MYSC, MITI, LEA,BIH, CEDA, ETPs					
	revenue and employment Indicator 2.1.4.2. Number	angel and other support schemes for youth entrepreneurs, especially in the	BB , BIH, CEDA, LEA, ETPs					
	of youth start-up businesses that survive the first 12 months	b) Building strong private sector partnerships for identifying and nurturing entrepreneurial talent, including collaboration with accelerator/incubator initiatives such as the Botswana Innovation Hub and competitions such as the CEDA/DBSA University Challenge	BB, Firms, UNDP/UN					
		c) Reforming the Youth Development Fund, and in particular, strengthening capacity for project appraisal and monitoring, raising the funding ceiling to at least P500,000 and introducing a loan guarantee component for outstanding projects above the regular ceiling	MYSC, BNYC, BB, UNDP, UN					
		d) Creating innovative mechanisms for entrepreneurs, young entrepreneurs in particular, to access equity and debt finance	BB (Financial Sector), MYSC					
		e) Providing strong platforms, including the creative use of public procurement, and incentives for impact incubators, to provide platforms for young innovators, especially in the technology sector, to breakthrough into markets	MITI, BB, MYSC, MFED, UNDP					
	Indicator 2.1.5.1. Flagship biennial publication on the	SI 2.1.5. Strengthening Business Botswana's capacity for market intelligence and advocacy:	BB, UNDP					
	performance of business and the business environment	a) Strengthening the data capabilities within BB for monitoring the performance of the private sector and the business environment	BB, UNDP					
		b) Flagship diagnostic biennial publication that provides robust analysis of the health of business (performance, challenges and opportunities) and the business environment	BB, UNDP					
SO 2.2 Significant Progress is Made Across		SI 2.2.1: Development and Diversification of Local Supply Chains:	BB, UNDP, Firms, MITI, LEA					
Local Value Chains and	Wantifacturing share of GDP Chain Management (SCM) strategies of large firms	 a) Integration of supplier development interventions, with targets, into the Supply- Chain Management (SCM) strategies of large firms 	BB (Sectors), UNDP, Firms					
moving up Giobai value	ing up Global Value (overall and by sector)							

Chains	Indicator 2.2.1.3. Growth rate in the exports of manufactured goods	b) Design, marketing and institutionalisation of innovative private-sector funded mechanisms for improving MSME supplier's access to finance such as equity, loans, credit guarantees, factoring, buying guarantees and payment advances where merited by quality and past performance	BB (Sectors), UNDP, Firms,				
		c) Provide a special loan guarantees scheme for companies/start-up intending to locally produce typically imported supplies and/or putting in place a movable collateral registrity to support loans for SMEs and significantly expand the range of products for the CEDA "Essential supplies loan"	MFED, CEDA, MITI				
		d) Design and implementation of quality management and skills transfer strategies for supplier development across sectors	BB (Sectors), UNDP, Firms, MITI, LEA				
		e) Design and implementation of technological and competitiveness upgrading strategies for firms	BB (Sectors), Firms, MITI, LEA				
		f) Developing and/or expanding supplier development partnerships in BB sectors	BB (Sectors), Firms, UNDP				
		g) Accleration of the cluster development and special economic zone initiatives	MITI, SEZA, LEA				
		h) Create a one-stop-shop for business registration through the Online Business Registration System (ORBS) as foreseen in the budget 2020/2021	MITI				
		i) Identification of female-owned high-growth enterprises (for example through business plan competitions) for targeted entrepreneurship support	MITI, LEA, BB, UNDP				
	Indicator 2.2.2.1. Growth rate of agricultural GDP by	SI 2.2.2 Identifying and Developing Agricultural Chains, and Commercialising Agriculture	MOAFS, MINIGA, BB, NAPRO, Farmers				
	sector Indicator 2.2.2.2. Share of domestic demand met	A) Value chain analysis and development including appropriate strategies for inclusion of women and youth	BB (Agric Sector); MOAFS, LEA, UNDP,				
	through domestic producers. Indicator 2.2.2.3. Growth rate of agricultural exports by	b) Encourage and support input suppliers and traders/retailers/processing firms to provide embedded extension services (including pest management), in particular through outgrower schemes (contract farmering)	BB (Agric and Retail Sectors)				
	subsector	c) Identify business opportunities in specific value chains such as the start-up of cattle support service providers (combining veterinary support, provision of input supplies, advice and technical assistance for breeding techniques etc) as well as fodder production or maintenance of equipment	BB (Agric)				
		d) Accelerated improvement of the quality of animal stock and animal husbandry techniques in each livestock category through intensive extension service and introduction of efficient husbandry systems and new technologies	BB (Agric Sector), MOAFS, BUAN, FAO				
		e) Expanding the size and quality of the national dairy and beef herds	BB (Agric Sector),				
		f) Facilitating growth and development in the smallholder sub-sector through extension and marketing services and improving access to financial services and access to expert service to shard location.	BB, MOAFS, FAO				
			BB, Farmers, MNIGA,				
		h) Development of the marketing chain, including aggregation infrastructure and contract farming (out-grower scheme) to reduce the risk of post-	BB, MOAFS				
		i) Cultivation of new markets, including export markets, and production of inputs such as fertilizer, animal feed and superior genetic material	BB, MOAFS, BITC				
		j) Development of agricultural insurance products to address the risk of natural disasters such as floods, frost and drought	BB, Financial Sector, MOAFS				
		k) Introduction of a price guarantee scheme or price floors to improve farm gate prices and incentivise investment and production	MOAFS, BB				
		handling integrated pest management practices; and national food safety standards; and provision of basic services such as water and electricity to reduce	MOAFS, FAO				

	m) Conversion of the horticultural grant into an input price subsidy accessed at the retail counter to improve both efficiency and accessibility n) Reviewing agricultural incentive schemes such as ISPAAD as well as COVID-19 agriculture interventions with a view to redirecting resources towards performance/output based incentives and investment in capacity development for the agricultural sector and farmers to support market-based, private-sector driven initiatives	MOAFS MOAFS, BB				
Indicator 2.2.3.1.	SI 2.2.3 Tourism Development Initiative	MENCT, MFED;				
Proportion of existing tourism enterprises that		HATAB, BB, LBAs				
survive 20 April 2021	a) Emergency Programme to address the short-term survival needs of travel & tourism enterprises & minimise the risk of deep & permanent damage	MENCT, MFED; HATAB, BB				
Indicator 2.2.3.2. Growth rate of tourism GDP	b) Improved governance of Botswana's tourism	MENCT, HATAB, BB				
Indicator 2.2.3.3. Share of						
women and youth owned agricultural enterprises/farms	c) Protection/Preservation and development of Botswana's tourism assets - natural capital (fauna, flora and scenic resources) and cultural resources	MENCT				
	d) Development and modernisation of tourism, prioritising product and destination diversification, in-country value retention, technological and skills upgrading, and strategic infrastructure development	HATAB, BB, MENCT				
	e) Development of a sector disaster response strategy - tourism disaster-relief fund and other innovative products for managing and mitigating risks.	HATAB, BB, MENCT				
Indicator 2.2.4.1. Growth rate of ICT GDP	SI 2.1.4: Accelerating the Development of the ICT industry and the digitisation of the economy	MITI, MFED, MTC, BB				
Indicator 2.2.4.2. Growth rate of employment in the ICT industry	 a) Expeditious implementation of the Digital Transformation Strategy, especially in key sectors such as education, the public service, financial services, agriculture, tourism, and mining 	MOPAPA, MTC, BB				
	b) Develop and implement action plans to support the uptake of digital technologies for each relevant sector	ВВ				
	c) Creation of a viable ecosystem (incentives, infrastructure and policies) for content development (e-services), with priority given to e-learning, e-commerce, e- government, and entertainment	MTC, MFED,				
	d) Infrastructure development to improve the accessibility of high speed connectivity	MTIC, MFED				
	e) Impact incubation to support technology SMEs and young innovators (an appropriate incentive regime must be developed to attract CSI into Impact Incubation)	MITI, BB, BIH, Firms, UNDP				
	f) Identify private sector funded initaitives to provide financing for ITC start-ups (private equity funds etc) and encourge CSI for Inpact Incubation	ВВ				
	g) Development of the BIH campus into a first rate technology park/zone to support youth innovators and technology startups	він				
	 h) Public procurement reforms to progressively domesticate the supply of ICT services to the publicsector and facilitate meaningful joint venture partnerships (by value, content of work and skills and technology transfer) between citizen and foreign companies 	PPADB, MFED				
Indicator 2.2.5.1. Growth rate of the Creatives, Arts and Media GDP	SI 2.2.5. Developing the Sports and the Creative Industries for Economic Diversification and Job Creation:	MYSC, MITI, MFED, BB, BNSC				
Indicator 2.2.5.2. Growth rate of employment in the	a) Resumption of all commissioned projects in the Creative, Arts and Media sector that were suspended on account of COVID-19	MYSC				

	Creatives, Arts and Media sector	b) Inclusion of Sports the Creatives, Arts and Media (CAM) as a cluster in the cluster development initiative;	SEZA, MITI								
		c) Promotion of impact investment in sports and the creative industries through incentives and advocacy	MYSC, MITI, BB, BNYC								
		 d) Development of infrastructure and physical spaces for sports and the creatives (including full utilisation of the government's mass media complex and provision of appropriate facilities in villages and towns), arts and media 	MYSC, BB, LBAs								
		 e) Regulatory reforms to promote growth in the sports, creatives, arts and media, including more favourable conditions for community broadcasting, private television and radio stations, and an increase in local content quotas for broadcast television and radio 	MYSC, MFED, MOPAPA, MITI, BNYC								
		f) Organise arts initiatives (festivals, fairs and other events)	BB, LBAs, UNESCO								
	 g) Strong mechanisms for early talent identification and development, include the use of teachers, trained youths and retired sports persons 		ВВ								
Strategic Goal 3: Using	g Infrastructure and Const	ruction to Achieve Transformation and Citizen Economic Empowern	nent Goals								
Strategic	Indicator	Strategic Initiative	Responsible	Year of I	mpleme	ntation			Budget (BW	P'000)	
Objective/Outcome	indicator	Strategic initiative	Institution	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	Government	Business	Dev Partners
SO 3.1: The	Indicator 3.1.1.1. Number of	SI 3.1.1: An Expanded and Improved Public Works Programme to Provide	MLGRD, MFED								
construction and engineering industry is	contractors engaged in building community assets	Relief for Households implemented by Private Sector									
transformed in terms of	using LRBM	a) Implement infrastructure construction necessary to fight the COVID-19	MLGRD, MFED, ILO								
size, products and	Indicator 3.1.1.2. Number of	pandemic, such as health care facilities, increasing the availability of water, upgrading of school sanitation and police using Local Resource Based Methods									
services, and citizen	Jobs Created // RRM										
participation	-	 b) Transformation of Ipelegeng into a skills-based programme for artisan infrastructure (internal roads, culverts, etc.) & development of artisan skills 	MLGRD, MFED, ILO								
		c) Expansion and maintenance of village infrastructure (internal roads, culverts, storm water drainage,etc.,) using Local-Resource Based Methods (LRBM) &	MLGRD, MFED								
		d) Provide capacity building support to Government and Private Sector on	UNDP and/or ILO,								
		e) Smart use of MSMEs to deliver artisan-level public works projects	MLGRD, MFED								
		f) Shift from time-based to output-based remuneration for Ipelegeng	MLGRD, MFED								1
		g) Integration of skills development into public works projects.	MLGRD, MFED								1
	Indicator 3.1.2.1. Growth rate of Construction GDP	SI 3.1.2: Maximising growth and transformation in the construction and engineering industry	BB (Construction), MIH, MTC, LAs								
	Indicator 3.1.2.2. Number of citizen firms that	 a) Development of a growth and development strategy for the construction industry; 	BB (Construction)								
	undertake mega projects in the country and in the region	 b) Development of competitive human capital for the industry at the artisan, professional and managerial levels 	BB(Construction) , ETPs, HRDC								
		 c) Review of public procurement regulations to promote meaningful citizen participation in mega projects 	PPADB , MIH, MTC, MFED, BB								
		d) Unbundling large projects to broaden scope for participation by citizen firms	PPADB, Public Institutions								
		e) Vesting control of aggregates used in construction, e.g., sand and gravel, in communities	MMGE, MLGRD								
		 f) Improving the governance of the construction sector through the establishment of an advisory board and robust mechanisms for self-regulation and quality assurance 	MIH, BB(Construction)								
	Indicator 3.1.3.1. Growth Rate of Private Sector	SI 3.1.3: Developing a Regional Transport, Logistics and Commerce Hub									

		-	easibility Study on the Transport and Logistics Hub in the Francistown										=
	Investment in the Hub Indicator: 3.1.3.2. Growth	 a) Feasibility Study on the Tra Special Economic Zone 	nsport and Logistics Hub	in the Francistown	SEZA, MFED, MITILA, BB								
	rate of rail, freight and aviation traffic to and	b) Design of the Transport an	d Logistics Hub (Subject to	o feasibility)	SEZA, MFED, MITILA,								
	through the hub			**	BB								
		 c) Infrastructure Development Airport Expansion, Connective 			SEZA, MIH, BB								
		d) Marketing and Investment	Promotion		SEZA, BITC, BB								
SION 2036 PILLAR			SUSTAINABLE ECON	NOMIC DEVELOPME	MENT								
OP THEMATIC ARE	Ž A		DEVELOPING DIVE	RSIFIED SOURCES O	F ECONOMIC GROWTH	I							
		note sustained, inclusive and	sustainable economic		capita economic growth in ac	ccordance	with natio	onal circu	mstances	s and, in p	particular, at le	ast 7 per cent g	oss domestic
•	ive employment and decent			product growth per ann	um								
4.1: Efficiency		SI 4.1.1: Regulatory Reforms	•		MITI, MFED,PEs							1	T
nhancing Reforms are Interest, Insider Trading a) Introduction of best practice laws on conflict of interest insider trading and					MITI, MFED,PEs								
de at the legislative, icy/strategy and	legislation is enacted and in operation	disclosure of interests for civil											
blic Enterprise levels	Indicator 4.1.1.2. UIF is operational and benefits	b) Retract the decision to allow by government and further to			МОРАРА								
	workers Indicator 4.1.1.3. Social	 c) Development of a competite public service and discontinua 			DPSM, Unions								
	assistance beneficiaries benefit from cash transfers	Allowance d) Investigation of the desirab agriculture into high value cast			MITI, MFED,PE								1
		e) Establishment of a Compre both the formal and informal		nsurance Fund (UIF) for	MELSD, BB, ILO								1
	<u></u>		MLGRD										
		 f) Introduction of cash transference in-kind support and considered 											
		sector participation	opening the senoor recaing	, programme to private									
		g) Consider other social insura invalidity benefits	ance options, such as sickn	ess, maternity and	ВВ								
		h) Consider the inclusion of to	eleworking standards in the	e revision of labour laws	MELSD, BB								
	Indicator 4.1.2.1. Proportion of SOEs reviewed and	SI 4.1.2: Rationalisation of F	-		MITI, MFED,PEs								
	restructured	a) Reviews of the mandates an			MITI, MFED,PEs								
		 b) Institutionalisation of corporate standard c) Adoption of corporate standard 	-		MITI, MFED,PEs MITI, MFED,PEs							+	<u> </u>
	Indicator 4.1.3.1. All local	c) Adoption of corporate stan	dards for performance mai	nagement)	M111, M115D,115								<u> </u>
	authorities have developed	SI 4.1.3: Accelerating Local	-										
	LED plans and are implementing them	 a) Policy reforms to give local meaningful authority and capa 			MLGRD, LBAs								
		b) Building the data capabilities management and accountabili	es of sub-national jurisdicti		MLGRD, LBAs								
		c) Development of regulatory communities control over som	instruments to accord loca	l authorities and	MMGE, MLGRD								
	d) Supporting "ready jurisdictions" to prepare robust Local Economy Assessments and transformational Local Economic Development strategies with Local Business Associations actively involved, as per the already defined five		MLGRD, BB, LBAs										
	Indicator 4.1.4.1. OSH Policy and Standards	SI 4.1.4: Development and in Occupational Safety and He		prehensive national	MELSD, BB, ILO								1
		a) Sensitisation and mobilisation	on of stakeholders on OSE	I to build consensus and	MELSD BR II O							1	1

		, , ,	e firm level compliance v	with the OSH policy				1			
					c) Capacity building for effective firm level compliance with the OSH policy MELSD, BB, ILO					_	1
		d) Development and implement	ation of competent secti		BB, ILO						
		policies and standards	ation of competent seed	or and min lever corr	BB , in ()						
st	rategy for greening the	SI 4.1.5: Developing the regular framework and programme for			MMGE, MENCT, MFED, BB, UNDP						
Ir	conomy ndicator 4.1.5.2. Share of B members using CSR for	 a) Development of a policy frame economy 	nework and action plan i	for transition to a green	MMGE, MENCT, MFED, BB, UNDP						
	reen business development	 b) Development of incentives for and business practices, including 			MMGE, MENCT, MFED, BB, UNDP						
		c) Development of incentives fo generation and products	r green business, e.g., re	cycling and solar energy	MMGE, MENCT, MFED, BB, UNDP						
	d) Development of a private sector drive towards greeing the economy, including the creation of funding schemes for green businesses through CSR and other private sector funding			ВВ							
VISION 2036 PILLAR		S	USTAINABLE ECO	NOMIC DEVELOPME	INT						
NDP THEMATIC AREA		HUMAN CAPITAL DEVELOPMENT									
SUSTAINABLE DEVELO	PMENT GOAL (SDG):	<u> </u>									
0	firms and minimising the	e impacts of COVID-19 on		•	hrdc, Mote, Mobe,			1			
	nd secondary school pass	SI 5.1.1 Transforming the cou- human capital	ntry's education system	m for global competitive	ETPs						
preserve globally In	ndicator 5.1.1.2. Enrolment	a) Upgrading school infrastructu the demands of building the qua			HRDC, MOTE, MOBE, ETPs						
capital Ir	ndicator 5.1.1.3. TIMMS and SACMEQ scores and	b) Reviewing educational curricu towards the jobs of the future	ular to direct education a	and skills development	HRDC, MOTE, MOBE, ETPs						
ra	inkings	c) Development and implementa Professional and Leadership De personnel to build capacity to re	velopment for teaching,	support and managerial	HRDC , MOTE, MOBE, ETPs						
		soft skills d) Digitisation of schools throug Internet-Connectivity to facilitat particular			HRDC, MOTE, MOBE, ETPs						
		e) Review of the Education ACI the critical thresholds for a full a			моте, мове						
				моте, мове							
	g) Increased funding for research and development			HRDC, MOTE, MOBE, ETPs							
					HRDC						
	ndicator 5.1.2.1. Life	SI 5.1.2: Delivering efficient, e	quitable and quality h	ealth services through	MoHW, BB						
ex	spectancy at birth adicator 5.1.2.1. Share of	effective public-private sector		_							

between the public and affordable and equitabl "Delivering Efficient, I Government-Private St	moHW, BB MoHW, BB grivate health care systems to deliver accessible, e quality health care for all as proposed in the document iquitable and Quality Health Services through cetor Collaboration: A Road Map for the Botswana Private ag the goals of National Health Policy 2017 – 2022
c) Develop a National	Heath Financing Strategy to ensure better resource MoHW, BB
	es, and building national capacity, for the manufacture of the Medical Products to reduce the cost of medical s
system that reduces inv	pply Chain Management (SCM) to deliver an effective entory and cost, and ensures that high quality medical n the right quantities, timely and without price gouging ealth system
service (CPD) medical	MoHW, BB and health education to build a quantitatively and sake for accessible, affordable and equitable quality
g) An integrated and co completeness, timelines	sordinated health information system to ensure availability, MoHW, BB ss and accessibility of patient data and general health data te and evidence-based policy, planning and implementation

